#### Weeds of National Significance



# National Willows Program WILLOWS WORKSHOP Friday 15th December, 2006

Supported by the State Government of Victoria.



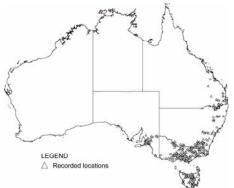




#### **Australian Government**

### Workshop Game Plan

- National, state and regional context
- Willow identification
- Willow sawfly in Australia
- Update regional maps highlighting where willows occur









## Willows

- > \$10 million spent annually
- Infest 1000s of km of waterways
- > 32 types of willows
- Spread in different ways
- Distribution, invasiveness and impacts of specific willows are poorly understood





### Did you know?

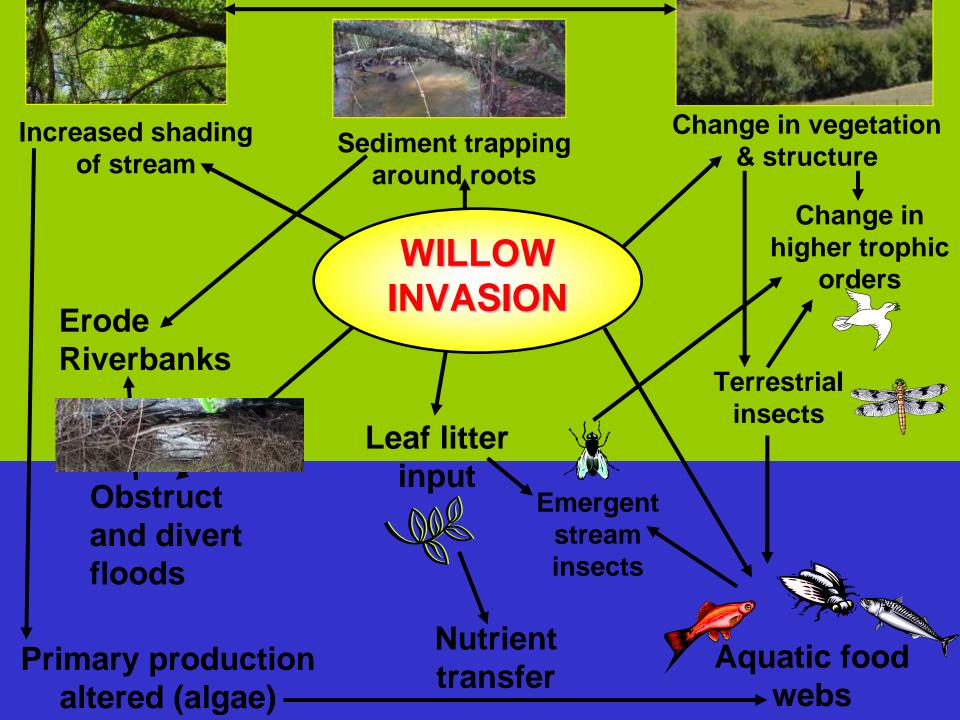
## Q: Do willows consume more water than natives?

Clue: it depends on where they are in the landscape



#### A: Yes: if growing in the water No: if growing on the bank Can consume approx. 3 megalitres per crown hectare more water than river red gums





#### How do willows spread?



#### Seed up to 100km



#### Layering



Twigs and branches

#### Spread by seed



Salix nigra (black willow) e.g. North East Victoria - 3 generations

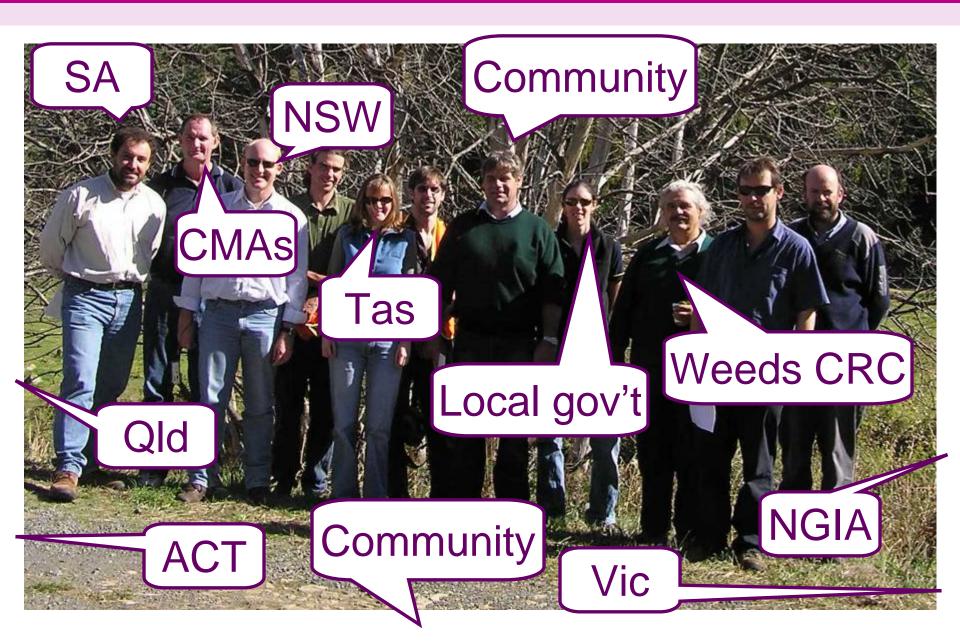
Salix cinerea (grey sallow) e.g. Sydney catchment - swamp collapse 1998

#### Don't respect our borders



Early detection and eradication of seeding willows e.g. Tasmania

#### National Willows Taskforce



## Did you know?

#### Q: For what religious festivals are willows allowed to still be imported?

Clue: they can be imported from Israel and the U.S.A

#### **A: Jewish festivals**

'cut flowers and foliage''only Rabbis may import the cuttings'

One of the Four Kinds taken on Sukkos: "The willow, which is inedible and lacks aroma as well, represents those people lacking both in Torah and good deeds"

