4 New monitoring bores

Six new groundwater monitoring bores have been installed. These have been strategically placed to help fill the information gaps in the area. The majority of the current monitoring bores occur as clusters around salinity discharge areas on the slopes of the Black Range at Wiseman's Hill and around the Timor West township.

Almost 12 months of recorded data has been collected from the newly installed bores, and while this does indicate a fall in groundwater level in all of these bores, there is still limited data from which to determine any long-term groundwater trend. It will be interesting to see how the bores respond to a wet winter-spring period.

The new bores also indicate that groundwater salinities increase towards the north of the targeted area, where groundwater movement is more subdued. Bore 60247 (Table 2) located at the base of Mount Hooghly (Figure 4) has the highest groundwater salinity reading (more than 20 000 EC). This bore is located near a discharge site associated with Mount Hooghly. Watertable responses are much more subdued in the landscapes around Mount Hooghly due to extensively developed clayey sub-soils and weathered material with low permeability. These areas characteristically have shallow perched watertables, surface waterlogging and excess runoff which can lead to salinity and erosion.

Currently a new study is being conducted that measures the total salt loads leaving the Timor West targeted area. This project is in its infancy and the information is not yet available.



Figure 4 Map of groundwater flow systems in Timor West

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Bore no.	Bore depth (m)	Depth to watertable (m)	EC (µS/cm)
		(May 2003)	
60242	12.0	9.70	1800
60243	11.5	6.60	3000
60244	20.5	14.65	13 000
60245	30.0	Dry bore	-
60246	12.0	8.03	3100
60247	17.0	13.54	>20 000

 Table 2. Bore information for new bores drilled in Timor West targeted area

References

Coram JE, Dyson PR and Evans WR (2001) An evaluation framework for dryland salinity. National Land and Water Resources Audit Dryland Salinity Project, Bureau of Rural Sciences, Canberra.

Day C (1985) A study of the geomorphic, soil and geohydrological conditions of the Timor West/Black Ranges area. Land Protection Service, Conservation Forests and Lands.

Perry R (2003) Timor West targeted salinity project brochure. Department of Primary Industries, Victoria

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Appendix 1 Hydrographs of Timor West monitoring bores



CLPR No:	35	Bore monitor:	DPI	
Locality	Corner of Bromley and McKenzies Roads			
description:	Located in Bet Deep Lead			
	Bore located on plain, flat land	lscape		
Geological	Shepparton Formation			
description:	Fluvial clay, silt, sand and grav	vel		
Bore depth (m):	60 Average rainfall 449			
		(mm/yr):		
Current water depth	4.5	Salinity (EC)	2700	
2003 (m):	(µS/cm):			
Groundwater	Responsive to seasonal climatic variation with an overall falling			
trend:	groundwater trend.			



CLPR No:	36	Bore monitor:	DPI
Locality	Betley		
Description:	Bet Bet Deep Lead		
	Bore located in plain, flat land	scape	
Geological	Shepparton Formation		
description:	Fluvial clay, silt, sand and gravel		
Bore depth (m):	90	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	4.3	Salinity (EC)	_
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	Even groundwater trend, slight fall in waterlevel since 2002.		
trend:			



CLPR No:	37	Bore monitor:	Alex Wiseman	
Locality	Black Range			
description:	Bore located mid-slope			
Geological	Devonian granite and associate	ed metamorphic rock	s	
description:	Clay, sand overlying hard, fresh, granite/metamorphic rock			
Bore depth (m):	18	Average rainfall	449	
		(mm/yr):		
Current water depth	1.8	Salinity (EC)		
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):		
Groundwater	Very responsive to seasonal rainfall variation, falling trend overall,			
trend:	prominent since 1996			



CLPR No:	38	Bore monitor:	Alex Wiseman
Locality	Black Range		
description:	Bore located in plain, flat land	scape	
Geological	Devonian Granite and associat	ed metamorphic rock	S
description:	Clay, sand overlying hard, fresh, granite/metamorphic rock		
Bore depth (m):	27	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	4.0	Salinity (EC)	
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	Strong falling trend. Located beside 5121-22. Representative of the last six		
trend:	years.		



CLPR No:	149	Bore monitor:	DPI
Locality	Timor West Rd, Timor West		
description:	Bore located on lower slope, r	iver flat landscape	
Geological	Shepparton Formation		
description:	Fluvial clay, silt, sand and gravel		
Bore depth (m):	15	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	2.5	Salinity (EC)	_
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	Strong response to seasonal climatic variation, overall falling trend, steeper		
trend:	falling trend since 1998.		



CLPR No:	150	Bore monitor:	DPI
Locality	Timor West Rd, Timor West		
description:	Bore located on lower slope, ri	iverflat landscape.	
Geological	Shepparton Formation		
description:	Fluvial clay, silts, sand and gravel.		
Bore depth (m):	30.7	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	2.5	Salinity (EC)	
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	Strong response to seasonal rainfall. Overall long-term falling trend, falling		
trend:	steeper since 1996.		



CLPR No:	151	Bore monitor:	DPI
Locality	Bet Bet Creek		
description:	Bet Bet Deep Lead		
	Bore located on lower slope, ri	iverflat landscape.	
Geological	Shepparton Formation (fluvial clay, silt, sand and gravel) overlying deep		
description:	lead deposits of coarse sand gr	avel overlying Tertia	ry deep leed sediments.
Bore depth (m):	72	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	4.5	Salinity (EC)	14 000
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	Even trend. Some response to climatic variation. Slight falling trend since		
trend:	1998.		



CLPR No:	5121, 5122	Bore monitor:	Alex Wiseman
Locality	Black Range		
description:	Bore located mid-slope		
Geological	Devonian granite and associate	ed metamorphic rock	8
description:	Clay, sand overlying hard, fresh, granite/metamorphic rock		
Bore depth (m):	5121 = 18.5	Average rainfall	449
	5122 = 10.0	(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	5121 = 9.8	Salinity (EC)	
2003 (m):	5122 = 9.6	(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	Strong response to seasonal rainfall variation until mid 1997, very strong		
trend:	falling trend since late 1996.		



CLPR No:	5123, 5124	Bore monitor:	Alex Wiseman
Locality	Black Range		
description:	Bore located lower slope		
Geological	Devonian granite and associate	ed metamorphic rocks	8
description:	Clay, sand overlying hard, fresh, granite/metamorphic rock		
Bore depth (m):	5123 = 18.5	Average rainfall	449
	5124 = 10.0	(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	5123 = 8.0	Salinity (EC)	5123 = 7930
2003 (m):	5124 = 8.0	(µS/cm):	5124 = 4370
Groundwater	Strong response to seasonal rainfall variation until mid 1997, very strong		
trend:	falling trend since late 1996.		



CLPR No:	5125	Bore monitor:	Alex Wiseman
Locality	Black Range		
description:	Bore located in low-lying poin	t, in discharge site	
Geological	Devonian granite and associate	ed metamorphic rock	S
description:	Clay, sand overlying hard, fresh, granite/metamorphic rock		
Bore depth (m):	6.0	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	2.7	Salinity (EC)	5200
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	Strong response to seasonal rainfall variation until mid 1997, very strong		
trend:	falling trend since late 1996.		



CLPR No:	5126	Bore monitor:	Alex Wiseman	
Locality	Black Range			
description:				
Geological	Devonian granite and associate	ed metamorphic rock	8	
description:	Clay, sand overlying hard, fresh, granite/metamorphic rock			
Bore depth (m):	6.0	Average rainfall	449	
		(mm/yr):		
Current water depth	1.4	Salinity (EC)	14 020	
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):		
Groundwater	Strong response to seasonal climatic variation. Even trend until 1996, when			
trend:	there is a strong fall in the hydrograph.			



CLPR No:	5127, 5128	Bore monitor:	CLPR	
Locality	Dunolly–Avoca Road			
description:	Black Range			
Geological	Devonian granite and associate	Devonian granite and associated metamorphic rocks		
description:	Clay, sand overlying hard, fresh, granite/metamorphic rock			
Bore depth (m):	5127 = 2.9	Average rainfall	449	
	5128 = 2.3	(mm/yr):		
Current water depth	5127 = 2.9	Salinity (EC)	5127 = 15 840	
2003 (m):	5128 = 2.3	(µS/cm):	5128 = 6160	
Groundwater	Strong response to local climatic variation obvious in the hydrograph. In			
trend:	both bores the watertable has fallen below the bottom of each bore.			



CLPR No:	5129, 5130, 5131	Bore monitor:	CLPR	
Locality	Cushenden Road			
description:	Timor			
Geological	Shepparton Formation (fluvial	clay, silt, sand and g	ravel) overlying	
description:	subsurface basalt flow (Quater	mary olivine volcanic	s) overlying Ordovician	
	sedimentary bedrock			
Bore depth (m):	5129 = 16.5	Average rainfall	449	
	5130 = 6.7	(mm/yr):		
	5131 = 3.0			
Current water depth	5129 = 3.2	Salinity (EC)		
2003 (m):	5130 = 3.2	$(\mu S/cm)$:		
	5131 = 2.7			
Groundwater	Strong response to local climatic variation with a strong overall falling			
trend:	observed since late 1996.			



CLPR No:	5132, 5133, 5134	Bore monitor:	CLPR
Locality	Beside Bet Bet Creek		
description:			
Geological	Shepparton Formation (fluvial	clay, silt, sand and g	ravel) overlying
description:	subsurface basalt flow (Quater	nary olivine volcanic	s) overlying Ordovician
	sedimentary bedrock		
Bore depth (m):	5133 = 5.0	Average rainfall	449
	5134 = 3.0	(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	5133 = 3.0	Salinity (EC)	5133 = 5150
2003 (m):	5134 = 4.0	(µS/cm):	5134 =
Groundwater	Varied response to local climatic variation. Relatively even trend. 5132		
trend:	shows that the watertable has fallen below the bore depth, 5133 shows a		
	slight falling trend since 1998	and 5134 shows a po	ssible data error.



CLPR No:	5136, 5137	Bore monitor:	CLPR
Locality	Timor–Dunolly Road		
description:			
Geological	Shepparton Formation (fluvial	clay, silt, sand and g	ravel) overlying
description:	subsurface basalt flow (Quaternary olivine volcanics) overlying		
	Ordoviciansedimentary bedrock		
Bore depth (m):	5136 = 20	Average rainfall	449
	5137 = 3	(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	5136 = 2.5	Salinity (EC)	_
2003 (m):	5137 = 2.5	(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	Strong response to local climatic variation. Strong fall in overall trend since		
trend:	1996, even trend until 1996.	-	



CLPR No:	5416	Bore monitor:	CLPR
Locality	Timor West Road		
description:	Timor West		
Geological	Shepparton Formation (fluvial	clay, silt, sand and g	ravel) overlying
description:	subsurface basalt flow (Quaternary olivine volcanics) overlying Ordovician		
	sedimentary bedrock		
Bore depth (m):	4.41	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	3.1	Salinity (EC)	3950
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	Overall falling groundwater trend. Strong response to local climatic		
trend:	variation. Steeper fall in overa	all trend since 1996.	



CLPR No:	5417, 5418	Bore monitor:	CLPR
Locality	Timor–Dunolly Road		
description:	Timor		
Geological	Shepparton Formation (fluvial	clay, silt, sand and g	ravel) overlying
description:	subsurface basalt flow (Quaternary olivine volcanics) overlying Ordovician		
	sedimentary bedrock		
Bore depth (m):	5417 = 5.22	Average rainfall	449
	5418 = 17.1	(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	5417 = 5.22	Salinity (EC)	5417 = 13 600
2003 (m):	5418 = 6.8	(µS/cm):	5418 = 8510
Groundwater	Even groundwater trend with a slight response to local climate. Falling		
trend:	steeply since 1996. 5417, wate	erlevel has fallen belo	ow bore depth.



CLPR No:	60242	Bore monitor:	David Schuppan
Locality	Wareek		
description:	Bore located in lower slope		
Geological	Shepparton Formation		
description:	Fluvial clay, silt, sand and grav	vel	
Bore depth (m):	12	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	9.6	Salinity (EC)	1800
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	New bore. Shows a falling groundwater trend		
trend:			



CLPR No:	60243	Bore monitor:	David Schuppan
Locality	Timor- Dunolly Road		
description:			
Geological	Shepparton Formation		
description:	Fluvial clay, silt, sand and gravel		
Bore depth (m):	11.5	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	6.2	Salinity (EC)	3000
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	New bore. Shows an even groundwater trend. Waterlevel has risen in		
trend:	response to recent rainfall.		



CLPR No:	60244	Bore monitor:	David Schuppan
Locality	Dunolly–Stuart Mill Rd		
description:	Bore located in flat, plain land	scape	
Geological	Shepparton Formation		
description:	Fluvial clay, silt, sand deposits		
Bore depth (m):	20.5	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	4.6	Salinity (EC)	13000
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	New bore. Shows an even groundwater trend. Waterlevel has risen in		
trend:	response to recent rainfall.		



CLPR No:	60245	Bore monitor:	David Schuppan	
Locality	North-west of Mr Hooghly.	North-west of Mr Hooghly.		
description:	Bore located in mid slope, end	of Stephens Rd		
Geological	Devonian granite and associate	ed metamorphic rock	S	
description:	Clay, sand overlying hard, fresh, granite/metamorphic rock			
Bore depth (m):	30	Average rainfall	449	
		(mm/yr):		
Current water depth	Dry bore	Salinity (EC)	Dry bore	
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):		
Groundwater	Dry bore. Watertable deeper than depth of bore.			
trend:	-			



CLPR No:	60246	Bore monitor:	David Schuppan	
Locality	Dunolly–Avoca Rd.			
description:	Bore located mid slope.			
Geological	Devonian granite and associate	Devonian granite and associated metamorphic rocks		
description:	Clay, sand overlying hard, fresh, granite/metamorphic rock			
Bore depth (m):	12	Average rainfall	449	
		(mm/yr):		
Current water depth	8.0	Salinity (EC)	3100	
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):		
Groundwater	New bore. Shows a falling groundwater trend			
trend:				



CLPR No:	60247	Bore monitor:	David Schuppan
Locality	Avoca–Dunolly Rd		
description:	Bore located in lower, river fla	ıt	
Geological	Shepparton Formation		
description:	Fluvial clay, silt, sand and gravel		
Bore depth (m):	17	Average rainfall	449
		(mm/yr):	
Current water depth	9.6	Salinity (EC)	>20 000
2003 (m):		(µS/cm):	
Groundwater	New bore. Shows a falling groundwater trend and responsive to local		
trend:	climatic variation.		