| Primary<br>Production<br>Landscapes of<br>Victoria | Dominant soil<br>order (ASC) | Factual Key       | Soil distribution<br>within AEL |  | Management Issues |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  |                               |                               |  |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
|  |                              |                   |                                 | Description  | Acidity-surface   | Acidity_subsoil | Alkalinity_surface | Alkalinity_subsoil | Surface structure | Wind erosion | Water erosion | Waterlogging | Sodicity_surface | Sodicity_subsoil | Potential chemical deficiency | Potential chemical excess     | Other Management and related Issues  |
| Southern Plains : Dundas<br>tablelands             | Chromosols                   | Db, Dy            | 85%                             | Loam (fine sandy) often with a bleached subsurface visibly over brown, yellow or grey subsoil (often with red mottles). Found on plateaux (gently undulating slopes), terraces and alluvial plains.                  |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             |                               | Surface: water repellence, nutrient retention, potential surface sealing, pans and gravel. Subsoil: compaction, dense and coarse structure, high clay content, shrink-swell properties.  |
| Southern Plains: Dundas<br>tablelands              | Sodosols                     | Db, Dy            | 15%                             | Loam (fine sandy) surface and bleached subsurface visibly over a mottled brown, yellow and grey clay subsoil. Found on plains and undulating low slopes.   |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | ESP,<br>Soluble<br>salts      | Surface: water repellence, nutrient retention, potential surface sealing. Subsoil: compaction, dense and coarse structure, high clay content, shrink-swell properties.                   |
| Southern Plains : Victorian<br>Volcanic Plain      | Sodosols                     | Db, Dy,<br>Dg     | 55%                             | Loam (fine sandy) surface and bleached subsurface visibly over a mottled brown-yellow-grey or black clay subsoil. Found on plains and undulating low slopes.   |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | ESP,<br>Soluble<br>salts      | Surface: water repellence, nutrient retention, potential surface sealing.  Subsoil: compaction, dense and coarse structure, high clay content, shrink-swell properties.                  |
| Southern Plains : Victorian<br>Volcanic Plain      | Hydrosols                    | Dd, Dg,<br>Uf, Ug | 15%                             | Clayey soils with a organic rich surface overlying a mottled brown, black, yellow and grey subsoil. May have a loamy surface. Found in depressions and swamps.   |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | Soluble<br>salts<br>(subsoil) | Surface: Nutrient retention, shrink-swell properties, compaction.  Subsoil: high clay content, dense and coarse structure, compaction.   |
| Southern Plains : Victorian<br>Volcanic Plain      | Vertosols                    | Ug                | 15%                             | Black and grey cracking clay soil with a self-mulching to coarse structured surface. High shrink-swell soils causing local irregular ground surface (melonhole/gilgai). Found in depressions or plains.              |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | P, Fe, Zn                     | ESP,<br>Soluble<br>salts      | Surface: compaction, high clay content and shrink-swell properties.  Subsoil: compaction, coarse structure, high clay content and shrink-swell properties.                               |
| Southern Plains : Victorian<br>Volcanic Plain      | Dermosols                    | Gn                | 10%                             | Fine moderate to strongly structured red and black clay loam to heavy clay soils. Shallow to moderately deep, stony and well drained. Found on plains, slopes and stony rises.                                       |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | Al                            | Surface: stoniness, nutrient retention and variable soil depth.  Subsoil: stoniness, compaction, variable soil depth, high clay content.   |
| Southern Plains : Victorian<br>Volcanic Plain      | Ferrosols                    | Uf, Gn            | 5%                              | Strongly structured (friable) red clay loam to heavy clay soils with high iron content. Often contains high organic matter levels in the topsoil. Found on volcanic plateaux.  |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | Al                            | Surface: stoniness and variable soil depth. Subsoil: stoniness, compaction, variable soil depth, high clay content.  |
| Southern Plains : Sedimentary<br>Plain             | Chromosols                   | Dr, Db,<br>Dy     | 25%                             | Loamy (fine sandy) surface and bleached subsurface visibly over a red or brown clay subsoil. Sometimes mottled. Found on sedimentary plains.   |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             |                               | Surface: water repellence, nutrient retention, potential surface sealing, pans and gravel.  Subsoil: compaction, dense and coarse structure, high clay content, shrink-swell properties. |
| Southern Plains : Sedimentary<br>Plain             | Vertosols                    | Ug                | 25%                             | Black and grey cracking clay soil with self-mulching to coarse structured surfaces. High shrink-swell soils causing local irregular ground surface (melonhole/gilgai). Found in depressions or extensive plains.     |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | P, Fe, Zn                     | ESP,<br>Soluble<br>salts      | Surface: compaction, high clay content and shrink-swell properties.  Subsoil: compaction, coarse structure, high clay content and shrink-swell properties.                               |
| Southern Plains : Sedimentary<br>Plain             | Dermosols, minor Kurosols    | Gn, Dy            | 20%                             | Finely structured brown, yellow and black clay loam to heavy clay soils (some with sandy surfaces). Found on undulating sedimentary plains.  |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | P                             | Al                            | Surface: water repellence, nutrient retention, compaction, pans and gravel. Subsoil: stoniness, compaction, variable soil depth, high clay content.                                      |
| Southern Plains : Sedimentary<br>Plain             | Podosols                     | Uc, Dy            | 15%                             | Sandy soils that may have a restrictive horizon (iron/organic pan) at depth below a bleached horizon. Found on plains, hillslopes and valley floors.   |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | Al                            | Surface: nutrient retention, water repellence.<br>Subsoil: pans or dense soil at depth.  |
| Southern Plains : Sedimentary<br>Plain             | Sodosols                     | Db, Dy            | 15%                             | Loamy (fine sandy) surface and bleached subsurface visibly over a mottled brown, yellow and grey clay subsoil. Found on plains and undulating low slopes.  |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | ESP,<br>Soluble<br>salts      | Surface: water repellence, nutrient retention, potential surface sealing.  Subsoil: compaction, dense and coarse structure, high clay content, shrink-swell properties.                  |
| Southern Plains: Millicent<br>Coast                | Kurosols                     | Dy, Uc            | 35%                             | Sandy loam surface often with a bleached subsurface containing buckshot (ironstone gravels) visibly over a heavy mottled brown, yellow and grey subsoil. Found on gently undulating slopes of dunefields and plains. |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | Al                            | Surface: water repellence, nutrient retention, potential surface sealing.  Subsoil: compaction, dense and coarse structure, high clay content, shrink-swell properties.                  |
| Southern Plains: Millicent<br>Coast                | Podosols                     | Uc, Dy            | 30%                             | Sandy soils that may may have a restrictive horizon (iron/organic pan) at depth below a bleached horizon. Found on dunefields and sandplains.  |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | Al                            | Surface: nutrient retention, water repellence.<br>Subsoil: pans or dense soil at depth.  |
| Southern Plains: Millicent<br>Coast                | Ferrosols, Chromosols        | Gn, Dr            | 25%                             | Strongly structured (friable) red clay loam to heavy clay soils with high iron content. Found on volcanic plateaux and associated slopes.  |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | Al                            | Surface: stoniness and variable soil depth. Subsoil: stoniness, compaction, variable soil depth, high clay content.  |
| Southern Plains: Millicent<br>Coast                | Rudosols                     | Uc, Gn            | 10%                             | Light sandy shallow soils that are acidic and occasionally calcareous over unconsolidated sediments or hardpans. Found on sandplains and dunefields.   |                   |                 |                    |                    |                   |              |               |              |                  |                  | Р                             | Al                            | Surface: nutrient retention, surface water repellence, stoniness and shallow depth. Subsoil: shallow, stony.   |