

A. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ridges, steep and gentle crests have similar soil types, therefore they have all been included in this component. The smaller crests have not been mapped. The topsoil is often light textured with up to 50% gravel content. The common soil type is a mottled yellow duplex with no A2 horizon present, or if present is not bleached. The soil is strongly acidic, potentially toxic in aluminium and has a very low nutrient status. Although rock outcrops occur, the soils are still quite developed, therefore the potential recharge to groundwater is moderate.

SITE CHARACTERISTICS

Parent Material Age: Silurian/Ordovician Depth to Seas. Watertable: >5.0 m**Parent Material** Sedimentary Flooding Risk: Nil Lithology:

Landform Pattern: Rolling hills Drainage: Well drained **Landform Element:** Hillcrest **Rock Outcrop:** 10-40% (variable) Slope a) common: **Depth to Hard Rock:** 1% >1.5 m (variable)

Slope b) range: **Present Land Use:** 0-2% Grazing

Potential Recharge to Groundwater: Moderate

Major Native Vegetation Species: Broad-leaved Peppermint, Long-leaved Peppermint, Narrow-leaved Peppermint, Long-leaved Box, Yellow Box, Messmate, Blackwood, Grey Box, Stringybark, Silver Wattle, Golden Wattle, Polo Grass, Kangaroo Grass

LAND DEGRADATION

Land Degradation	Water Erosion		Wind	Mass	Salting	Acidification
	sheet/rill	gully	Erosion	Movement	Saiting	Acidification
Susceptibility	Very low	Moderate	Moderate	Very low	Very low	Low
Incidence	Low	Low	Low	Nil	Nil	Not available

B. SOIL PROFILE

PROFII	LE DESCRIPTION	
A 1	0-125 mm	Very dark grey (10YR3/1) loam, apedal single grained, earthy fabric, many medium angular sedimentary fragments, pH 5.0. Clear transition to:
A2	125-220 mm	Light yellowish brown (10YR6/4) loam, moderate subangular blocky structure, peds 5-10 mm, rough fabric, moderately weak consistence, fine angular sedimentary gravel fragments are common, pH 5.0 Clear transition to:
B21	220-430 mm	Brownish yellow (10YR6/6) medium clay with coarse sand, strong subangular blocky structure, peds 5-10 mm, rough fabric, moderately firm consistence, a few organic segregations throughout, a few fine angular sedimentary gravel fragments, pH 5.5. Gradual transition to:
B22	430-740 mm	Brownish yellow (10YR6/6) medium clay with coarse sand, fine distinct red mottles are common, moderate subangular blocky structure, peds 10-20 mm, rough fabric, very firm consistence, a few organic segregations throughout, many medium angular

sedimentary gravel fragments, pH 5.5. Diffuse transition to:

B23 740-860 mm Very pale brown (10YR7/3) medium clay with coarse sand, fine distinct red mottles are

common, moderate subangular blocky structure, peds 5-10 mm, smooth fabric, moderately weak consistence, a few organic segregations throughout, many fine

angular sedimentary fragments, pH 6.0. Diffuse transition to:

BC 860-1150 mm+ Partially weathered sedimentary rock.

CLASSIFICATION

Factual Key: Dy3.21, Dy3.11 (major)

Australian Soil Classification: Mottled, Dystrophic, Yellow Kurosol; medium, moderately gravely, loamy \ clayey,

moderate

Unified Soil Group: CL

INTERPRETATION OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS*

Horizon	pH (CaCl₂)	% Gravel	E.C. (salts)	Nutrient Status	Р	K	Al	Organic matter	Dispersibility
A 1	3.6**	48.6	VL	VL	D	S	Т	Н	L
A2	4.0**	29.1	VL	VL	D	S	Т	М	М
B21	4.1**	9.1	VL	VL	D	D	Т	L	L
B22	4.0**	25.6	VL	VL	D	D	T	VL	L
B23	4.0**	33.5	VL	VL	D	D	Т	VL	L

VL: Very Low L: Low

M: Moderate

H: High VH: Very High

D: Deficient

S: Satisfactory

T: Potentially Toxic

NA: Not Available

* see appendix D for analytical results ** Strongly Acidic

SOIL PROFILE CHARACTERISTICS:

Permeability: Rapid (average 670 mm/day, range 580-760 mm/day)

Available Water Capacity: Low (88 mm H₂O) Linear Shrinkage (B horizon): Low (9 %)

C. LAND CAPABILITY ASSESSMENT

Land Use	Class	Major Limiting Feature(s)/Land Use
Agriculture	$C_2T_2S_4$	Available water capacity, gravel content
Effluent Disposal (septic tanks)	2	
Farm Dams	4	Depth to hard rock
Building Foundations		
slab stumps/footings	4 4	Stone content Stone content