

MAP UNIT Quaternary basalt, wet

SYMBOL Qbw

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This map unit is associated with the Qbs unit in a poorly drained area of basaltic soils in the north of the study area.

It consists of the low rises in an undulating plain.

Map Unit is 3.7 % study area Ref. Plate 4

| PARENT MATERIAL | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|----|
| Quaternary basalt (in situ) | | |
| Depth to rock | 100 | cm |
| Rock outcrop | 0 | % |
| Surface stones | 0 | % |
| Landslip risk | Nil | |
| Shrink/swell | Moderate | |
| potential | | |
| Northcote code & | GN 4.14 | _ |
| SCS Ext. | 4/3/12 | |

| LANDFORM | | | |
|--|-------------|--|--|
| Low rises in a gently undulating plain | | | |
| Slope-common | 4 % | | |
| - range | 0-5 % | | |
| Flood risk | Low | | |
| Profile drainage | Poor | | |
| Seasonal | Seasonally | | |
| watertable | waterlogged | | |
| Unified soil group | Α | | |
| | B CL | | |

| EROSION HAZARD | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|----------|--|
| Low, however batters will slump | | | |
| NATIVE VEGETATION | Manna gum | LAND USE | Grazing, some cropping (cereals) |

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PROFILE DESCRIPTION

0-12 cm Very dark brown (2.5YR 2/3) clay loams; strong medium

crumb structure; very friable when moist; 5% of soil volume

as gravel of parent material to 10 mm diameter;

Clear transition to:

12-30 cm Very dark brown (10R 2/3) light clay; moderate fine

subangular blocky structure; friable when moist; 5% of soil volume as gravel of parent material to 4 mm diameter; pH 6;

Gradual transition to:

30-85 cm Dull reddish brown (5YR 4/4) medium clay; moderate fine

subangular blocky structure; friable when moist; 20% of soil volume as gravel of parent material and ironstone

concretions; pH 7;

Giving way to decomposing parent material.

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Capability of the land to support various activities

| ACTIVITY | RATING | MAJOR LIMITING FEATURES OF THE LAND | |
|-----------------------|-----------|---|--|
| Building foundations | Poor | Site drainage | |
| Absorption fields | Poor | Site drainage; shallow seasonal watertable | |
| Secondary roads | Fair | Site drainage (seasonally dry) | |
| Gravel roads | Poor | Site drainage; load bearing capacity when wet | |
| Access tracks | Poor | Site drainage; load bearing capacity (boggy) | |
| Shallow excavations | Fair | Site drainage (seasonally dry) | |
| Farm dams | Poor | Thin layer of construction material; percolation rate | |
| Sewage lagoons | Very poor | Shallow seasonal watertable | |
| Intensive cultivation | Poor | Site drainage | |
| Path & trails | Poor | Site drainage | |

Capability of the land to support subdivision

| SUBDIVISION TYPE | RATING | MAJOR LIMITING ACTIVITIES | |
|--|---|---------------------------|--|
| Urban (sewered) | Poor | Building foundations | |
| Bush Blocks (4 ha) | Poor | All relevant activities | |
| Small Farmlets (4 ha) | Poor | All relevant activities | |
| Large Farmlets (16 ha) | Poor | All relevant activities | |
| Effect of subdivision on the town water supply | | | |
| URBAN | There are no land features of this map unit which would pose a specific threat to water supply under urban development. | | |
| FARMLETS AND BUSH BLOCKS | Unsatisfactory operation of specific tank absorption fields during the wetter months will result in significant bacterial contamination of runoff water, and ultimately, water in Cosgrave Reservoir. | | |