Land Unit 8.

The slopes greater than 25 per cent derived from sedimentary rock (Ordovician greywacke and shales) constitute this land unit. It is confined to the north-eastern end of the Park where its upper elevations are about 2,550 feet. In the valley of Eurobin Creek this land unit abuts Land Unit 2 at elevations of about 1,000 feet. Available relief is up to about 500 feet.

The average annual rainfall ranges from about 45 inches to about 50 inches and winter snow is rare, except at the highest parts of the unit where light falls may occur annually. Estimates of average monthly temperatures are from 65° F. to 69° F. in January to 40° F. to 46° F. in July.

The vegetation ranges from peppermint—gum forest (*E. radiata—E. rubida—E. dives* alliance) on moister soils, to stringybark—peppermint forest (*E. macrorhyncha—E. dives* alliance) on drier soils such as on northerly aspects and narrow ridge tops.

The soils are generally cryptopodzols, although some amphipodzols may occur at the lower elevations, particularly on the less-steep slopes. Lithosols or lithosolic forms of cryptopodzols are common.

