




















GEOLOGY AND ASSOCIATED LANDFORM

	ALLUVIUM		DEVONIAN ACID VOLCANICS (Rhyolitic)
	TERTIARY BASALTS		Volcanic Hills
	DEVONIAN GRANITOIDS		Volcanic Mountains
	Granitic Plains and Rises		Volcanic Plateau and Escarpment
	Granitic Low hills, Hills and Entrenched Valleys		QUATERNARY SEDIMENTS (Unconsolidated Sediments - Coarse and Fine Textured)
	Granitic Mountains		Quaternary Dunes and Coastal Flats
	Granitic Plateau and Escarpment		Quaternary Plains and Rises
	PALAEOZOIC SEDIMENTS		TERTIARY SEDIMENTS
	Limestone		Tertiary Plains and Rises
	Sedimentary Low hills and Hills		Tertiary Low hills, Hills and Entrenched Valleys
	Sedimentary Mountains		
	Sedimentary Plateau and Escarpment		

BASE MAP LEGEND

	Major Road		Major River
	Other Road		Stream
			BENDOC 8623
			CRAIGIE 8723
			100 000 Tile Coverage

KEY TO MAP UNITS

Landform	Slope	Geology	Climate (annual average rainfall)
P Plains	I Level	A Alluvium	d Dry (< 700 mm)
R Rises	g Gently undulating	B Basaltic	m Moderately humid (700 - 1000 mm)
L Low hills	u Undulating	C Colluvium	h Humid (1000 - 1200 mm)
H Hills	r Rolling	G Granitic	v Very humid (> 1200 mm)
M Mountain	s Steep	L Limestone	
U Plateau	v Very steep	S Sedimentary	
S Escarpment	p Precipitous	V Volcanics	
E Entrenched valleys	d Dissected remnants	K Coarse textured	
D Dunes		Recent sediments	
W Swamps		F Fine textured	
C Coastal flats		Recent sediments	
		T Tertiary sediments	
		Modifier	
		Alluvium	
0 Undifferentiated alluvial units			
1 Large alluvial unit associated with the Snowy River.			
2 Large alluvial unit associated with the Cann River.			
		Devonian Granitoids	
1 Unit based around Howe Hill (Gabo Island granite pluton).			
2 Unit based on outcrops of the Maramingo granite pluton and Genoa Peak granite east of Cann River Valley.			
3 Unit primarily based on the Drummer granodiorite pluton.			
4 Unit primarily based on the Noorinbee granodiorite pluton.			
5 Unit primarily based on the Murrungowar granodiorite pluton.			
6 Unit based on the Ellery granodiorite pluton in the upper Errinundra valley.			
7 Unit primarily based on the Ellery granodiorite pluton on the upper Errinundra Plateau: very humid climatic regime.			
8 Unit based on the Ellery granodiorite pluton rocky outcrop: very humid climatic regime.			
9 Unit based on the undifferentiated granodiorite, Goongerah area.			
10 Unit based on undifferentiated granodiorite (Ordovician-Silurian, Silurian-Devonian); dry to moderately humid climatic regime.			
		Paleozoic Sediments	
1 Unit dominated by Ordovician sediments found east of Genoa.			
2 Unit dominated by upper Ordovician sediments west of Genoa and east of the Cann River.			
3 Unit based on Devonian sediments (including "red beds") around Wroxham and the Genoa River.			
4 Unit based on the Devonian sediments ("red beds") in the Buldahn area.			
5 Unit dominated by upper Ordovician sediments west of the Cann River and East of the Yaimy fault: moderately humid and humid climatic regimes.			
6 Unit dominated by Ordovician sediments north and west of the Yaimy Fault upland/plateau: dry and moderately humid climate regimes.			
7 Unit dominated by upper Ordovician and metamorphosed sediments on the plateau north of Errinundra: humid and very humid climate regime.			
8 Unit generally found on metamorphosed Ordovician sediments north of Murrungowar to Errinundra: humid and very humid climate regime.			
9 Unit on upper Ordovician sediments on the Errinundra Plateau: dry and moderately humid climatic regimes.			
		Devonian Acid Volcanics	
1 Unit based on Snowy River volcanics formation, Rodger River area; humid or very humid climatic regime.			
2 Unit based on Snowy River volcanics formation especially with massive lithologies, Rodger River area; moderately humid climatic regime.			
3 Unit based on Snowy River volcanics formation, Gelantipy plateau area; humid and very humid climatic regime.			
		Tertiary Sediments	
1 Unconsolidated parent material; sub-soils heavier than surface soil with a predominance of Duplex profile forms.			
2 Unconsolidated parent material; soil profile dominated by coarse particle size fractions generally exhibiting Uniform coarse soil profile forms.			

Examples

- L7m-1 Low rolling hills on Tertiary sediments, a moderately humid climate with a mean annual rainfall of between 700 - 1000 mm and a soil profile predominantly of Duplex form.
- PRguKEm-1 Plain and Rise topography, gentle to undulating slope on coarse and fine Recent sediments, a moderately humid climate with a mean annual rainfall of between 700 - 1000 mm.