



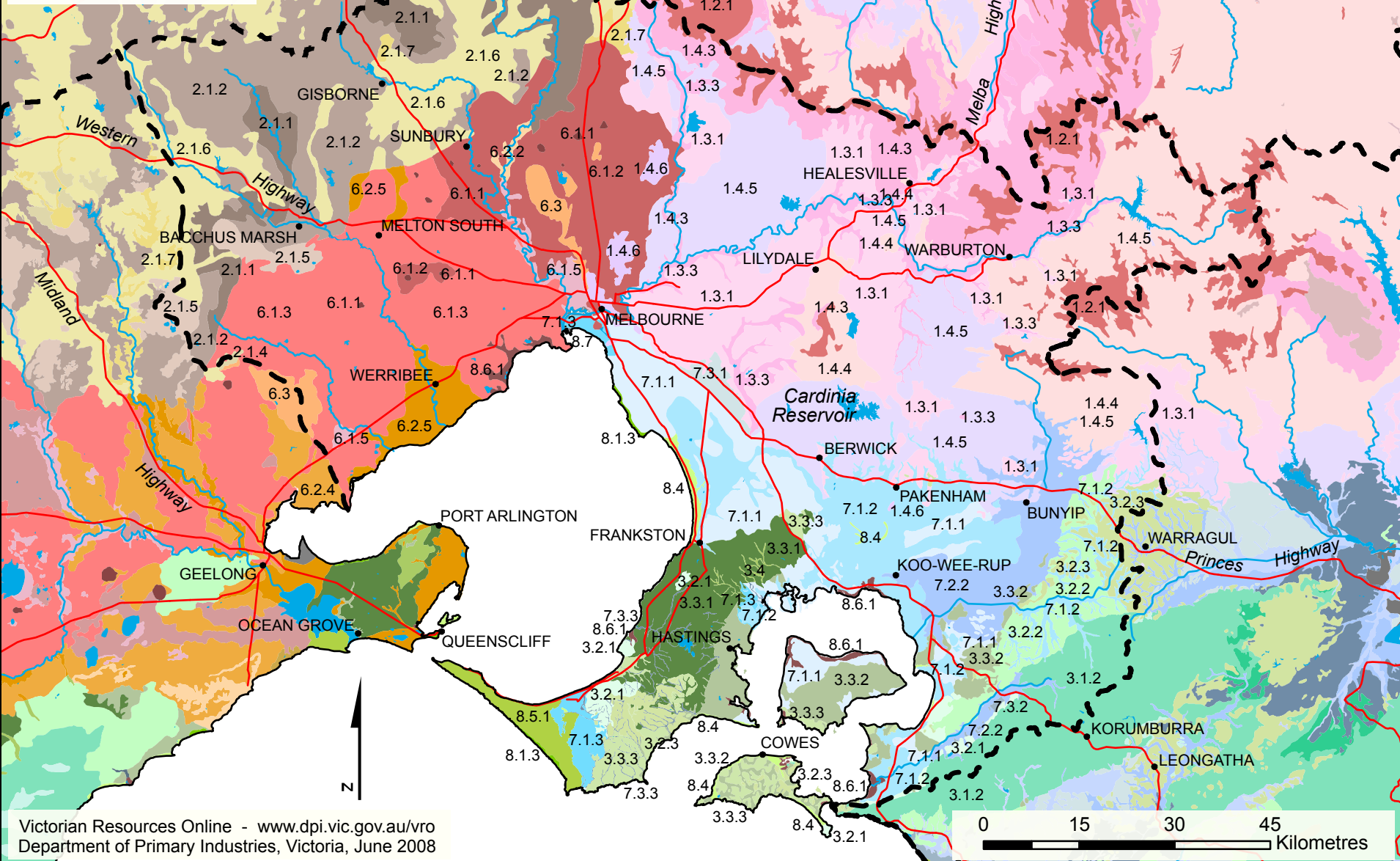


Geomorphological Units Port Phillip and Westernport Catchment Management Region

-  Major Roads
-  Major Streams
-  Lakes
-  CMA boundary









* Geomorphological Units legend below map



Victorian Resources Online - www.dpi.vic.gov.au/vro
Department of Primary Industries, Victoria, June 2008

Geomorphological Units

Eastern Uplands (EU)

-  1.1.1 High elevation summit plateaux
-  1.2.1 Moderate elevation plateaux and broad ridges
-  1.3.1 Low elevation low relief landscapes
-  1.3.3 Low elevation terraces, fans and floodplains
-  1.4.1 Prominent summits above 1200m
-  1.4.2 Prominent summits between 500 and 1200m
-  1.4.3 Escarpments and gorges
-  1.4.4 Deeply dissected ridge and valley landscapes
-  1.4.5 Moderately dissected ridge and valley landscapes
-  1.4.6 Outlying ridges and hills









Western Uplands (WU)

-  2.1.1 Dissected uplands: Ridges, escarpments, mountains on non-granitic Palaeozoic rocks
-  2.1.2 Dissected uplands: Hills, valley slopes and plains on non-granitic Palaeozoic rocks
-  2.1.3 Dissected uplands: Ridges, escarpments, mountains on granitic Palaeozoic rocks
-  2.1.4 Dissected uplands: Hills, valley slopes and plains on granitic Palaeozoic rocks
-  2.1.5 Dissected uplands: Plateaux and rises of residual Cainozoic landscapes
-  2.1.6 Dissected uplands: Eruption points and volcanic plains
-  2.1.7 Dissected uplands: Terraces and floodplains









Southern Uplands (SU)

-  3.1.2 Moderate elevation ranges
-  3.2.1 Low elevation plateau and broad ridges
-  3.2.2 Low elevation ranges
-  3.2.3 Low elevation basaltic residuals
-  3.3.1 Very low elevation plateaux
-  3.3.2 Very low elevation hills and low hills
-  3.3.3 Very low elevation basaltic residuals
-  3.3.4 Very low elevation terraces and floodplains






Western Plains (WP)

-  6.1.1 Eruption points: maars, scoria cones and lava shields, including associated ash and scoria deposits
-  6.1.2 Volcanic derived stony rises
-  6.1.3 Volcanic derived plains with poorly developed drainage and shallow regolith
-  6.1.5 Volcanic derived terraces, floodplains and lakes, swamps and lunettes and their deposits
-  6.2.2 Sedimentary derived dissected plains
-  6.2.4 Sedimentary derived plains and plains with low rises
-  6.2.5 Sedimentary derived terraces and floodplains, and coastal plains
-  6.3 Hills and Low Hills

Eastern Plains (EP)

-  7.1.1 Sunland coastal plains with ridges and dunefields
-  7.1.2 Sunland alluvial plains
-  7.1.3 Sunland former swamps and lagoonal deposits
-  7.2.1 Riverine flood plains and morasses
-  7.2.2 Riverine prior stream plains
-  7.3.1 Higher level plains without dunes
-  7.3.2 Higher level plains with dunes
-  7.3.3 Higher level dissected plains

Coast (C)

-  8.1.3 Active cliffs: Subaerial dominant processes; with shore platform
-  8.4 Coastal Barriers
-  8.5.1 Transgressive dunes: Cliff top; stranded
-  8.6.1 Low coasts: Tidal
-  8.7 Engineered Coast